<u>Year 3 Long Term Plan</u>

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	James and the Giant Peach	All Around the World	Stone Age to Iran Age	Rainfarests	Ancient Greece	Food banks
Literacy	Novel: James and the Giant peach. Poem: Sing a Song of Yorkshire Key Genres: - Narrative — retelling of part of story focussing on Character description - Newspaper report	Novel: The Explorer Poem: 'Twas the night before Christmas Key Genres: - Postcards and letters - Diary entry - Acrostic poem	Novel: How to Wash a Woolly Mammoth – Michelle Robinson The Wild Way Home – Sophie Kirtley Poem: The Eagle – Alfred Lord Tennyson Key Genres:	Novel: Buddy's Rainforest Rescue – Ellie Jackson Poetry book – Wild World Angela McAllister Key Genres: - Poetry - Explanation text – effect of deforestation	Novel: Greek myths (Theseus and the Minotaur, Odysseus and the Cyclops, Perseus and the Gordon's head) Poem: Haiku poetry based around Greek Gods and Goddesses Key Genres: - Narrative - writing own myth - Information text – create own mythical creature	Novel: It's a No Money Day - Kate Milner The Great (Food) Bank Heist - Onjali Q. Rauf Poem: Golden Sun – Lenore Hetrick Key Genres: - Narrative – Contemporary Story - Persuasive letter
Mathematics (White Rose Maths scheme of work)	Number: place value Number: addition and subtraction See White Rose Material for objectives.	Number: Multiplication and division Measurement See White Rose Material for objectives.	Number: multiplication and division Measurement See White Rose Material for objectives.	Measurement Number: fractions See White Rose Material for objectives.	Number: fractions Time Geometry: properties of shapes See White Rose Material for objectives.	Measurement Statistics Consolidation See White Rose Material for objectives.
Science	Forces: Magnets Objectives: Compare how things move on different surfaces Notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance Observe how magnets attract or repel each other	Light Objectives: Recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light Notice that light is reflected from surfaces Recognise that light from the Sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes	Rocks Objectives: Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock	Plants Objectives: Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers Water and warmth help seeds germinate Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, room to	Animals, including humans Objectives: Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat	Animals, including humans Objectives: Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.

	and attract some materials and not others • Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials • Describe magnets as having two poles • Predict whether two magnets will attract or repeleach other, depending on which poles are facing.	Recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by a solid object Find patterns in the way that the sizes of shadows change.	Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.	grow and the correct temperature) and how they vary from plant to plant Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants. Water, taken in by the roots, goes up the stem to the leaves, flowers and fruit Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.		
Art and Design	Skills Sketching Painting Artist Arcimboldo – Colour/mood	Seascapes and industrial scenes Skills Sketching Water colour painting Artist L.S. Lowry	Stone Age Art Skills Mark making Drawing Printing Artist Andy Goldsworthy	Rainforests Skills Painting Drawing Shading Collage Artists Nixiwaka Yawanawa Henri Matisse	Greece Skills Drawing Painting Sculpture Artist Execias – Greek vases Pablo Picasso	Greece Skills Digital Media – Brushes Redux / Tinkercad Architecture Shading Artist Ictinus – Greek architect

Computing (Teach computing scheme of work)	Computing systems and networks – Connecting computers DOL: To connect -To explain how digital devices function -To identify input and output devices -To recognise how digital devices can change the way we work -To explain how a computer network can be used to share information -To explore how digital devices can be connected -To recognise the physical components of a network	Creating media - Stop-frame animation DOL: To communicate -To explain that animation is a sequence of drawings or photographs -To relate animated movement with a sequence of images -To plan an animation -To identify the need to work consistently and carefully -To review and improve an animation -To evaluate the impact of adding other media to an animation	Programming A - Sequencing sounds DOL: To code -To explore a new programming environment -To identify that commands have an outcome -To explain that a program has a start -To recognise that a sequence of commands can have an order -To change the appearance of my project -To create a project from a task description	Data and information – Branching databases DOL: To collect -To create questions with yes/no answers -To identify the attributes needed to collect data about an object -To create a branching database -To explain why it is helpful for a database to be well structured -To plan the structure of a branching database -To independently create an identification tool	Creating media – Desktop publishing DOL: To communicate -To recognise how text and images convey information -To recognise that text and layout can be edited -To choose appropriate page settings -To add content to a desktop publishing publication -To consider how different layouts can suit different purposes -To consider the benefits of desktop publishing	Programming B - Events and actions in programs DOL: To code -To explain how a sprite moves in an existing project -To create a program to move a sprite in four directions -To adapt a program to a new context -To develop my program by adding features -To identify and fix bugs in a program -To design and create a maze-based challenge
Design and Technology (KAPOW scheme of work)	Cooking and Nutrition Eating seasonally – designing and making fruit skewers and a fruit crumble		Textiles Making a cushion (sewing)	Mechanical systems Designing and making a rainforest animal pneumatic toy	Structures Designing and constructing a castle	Electronic systems Electronic charms
Geography	Autumn 2 – All Around the World Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night) Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied		 Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts. Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. 		Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps and digital technologies. Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom	

History	The Industrial revolution		Stone Age and Iron Age		Ancient Greece	
ð	A study over time tracing how several aspects of national history are reflected in the locality. Enquiry question: What was the impact of the industrial revolution in Leeds?		Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age. Enquiry question: How can historians argue that people were resourceful throughout the Stone Age to Iron Age period?		A study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world Enquiry question: How did life differ for different social or economic groups throughout the Ancient Greek period?	
PSHE (You, Me, PSHE and MindMate schemes of work)	Mental health and emotional wellbeing: Strengths and challenges Pupils learn:	Keeping safe and managing risk: Bullying – see it, say it, stop it Pupils learn: • to recognise bullying and how it can make people feel • about different types of bullying and how to respond to incidents of bullying • about what to do if they witness bullying	Careers, financial capability and economic wellbeing: Saving, spending and budgeting Pupils learn: • about what influences people's choices about spending and saving money • how people can keep track of their money • about the world of work	Identity, society and equality: Celebrating difference Pupils learn: Pupils learn about valuing the similarities and differences between themselves and others Pupils learn about what is meant by community Pupils learn about belonging to groups	Drug, alcohol and tobacco education: Tobacco is a drug Pupils learn: • the definition of a drug and that drugs (including medicines) can be harmful to people • about the effects and risks of smoking tobacco and second hand smoke • about the help available for people to remain smoke free or stop smoking Asthma lesson for Year 2, 3 or 4 • that medicines can be used to manage and treat medical conditions such as asthma, and that it is important to follow instructions for their use	Physical health and wellbeing: What helps me choose? Pupils learn: • about making healthy choices about food and drinks • about how branding can affect what foods people choose to buy • about keeping active and some of the challenges of this
RE (Understanding Christianity and Syllabus thematic	Christian Value – Year A Respect Year B Thankfulness Understanding Christianity unit L.2.1 Creation/Fall Key question:	Christian Value – Year A Service Year B Friendship Syllabus thematic unit L2.9 Celebrations	Christian value – Year A Perseverance Year B Trust Understanding Christianity unit L2.4 Gospel Key question: What kind of world did Jesus want?	Christian value – Year A Hope Year B Forgiveness Understanding Christianity unit L2.5 Salvation	Christian Value – Year A Compassion Year B Peace Syllabus thematic unit L2.7 Hinduism	Christian value – Year A Truthfulness Year B Courage Syllabus thematic unit L2.7 Hinduism

schemes of work)	What do Christians learn from the Creation story? Religion: Christianity	Key question: What are the deeper meanings of festivals? Religion: Christians, Muslims, Jewish people, Hindus, Non-religious world views	Religion: Christianity	Key question: Who do Christians call the day Jesus 'Good Friday'? Religion: Christianity	Key question: What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today? Religion: Hinduism	Key question: What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today? Religion: Hinduism
French (Language Angels scheme of work)	Phonetics Lesson 1 'I am learning French' unit	Vegetables	Stone Age to Iron Age (Ancient Britain)	Presenting myself	Les Jeux Olympiques	My Family