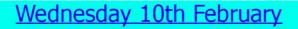
# **Survival Skills**

## **Instructions**





### LO: To write with purpose

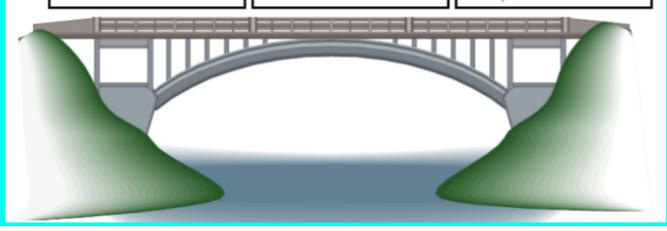


### Success Criteria

I can use imperative verbs for instructions

I can use precise topic language

I can break down a process into chronological steps



# TASK 1: Reread your first draft of your instructions and make edits to improve

Even though you are writing instructions, each section should be a paragraph and show a Year 6 standard of writing that should include:

- full stops to separate sentences
- commas to develop ideas within sentences
- brackets to include specific detail (e.g. measurements) or extra information
- colons to introduce a list
- semi-colons to link to main clauses that are related to each other
- dashes to tag some extra information on maybe a reminder

Accurate spellings of topic words, especially those that are on the sheets.

### Survival Skills: Igloo









#### A well built igloo can withstand the force of strong hurricane winds.

- Pack down the base by stamping down with your feet. It should be large enough for 4 people to sleep comfortably.
- Cut blocks of snow 60cms by 40cms by 15cms from nearby.
- 3) Build the bottom row of the igloo, adjusting the blocks and filling in the cracks from inside. If there are 2 people, one on each side speeds up the process.
- 4) Cut the second row of blocks bevelled at the bottom so the layer begins to slant inward toward the middle. The person inside must work carefully to prevent the blocks from falling.
- 5) Fill the hole at the top with one single block to complete the igloo.
- 6) Dig downwards into the floor to enlarge the inner chamber.
- Cut an entrance below the height of the main chamber.
- 8) Poke ventilation holes in one or two places for air circulation.

\* bevelled = sloping (not a right angle)



### **Survival Skills: Snow Cave**



A snow cave can mean the difference between life and death during a storm, but digging one requires not just know-how but the right conditions: deep snow, a steep slope, and snow of the right consistency for digging.



1) Dig an entrance large enough for a climber to crawl through. It should be about 1 metre deep, and dug directly into the slope. The entrance should be lower than the main chamber to prevent winds from blowing into the cave.



2) Cut the main chamber inwards, upwards, and to the sides of the portal. Do not dig down. The outer walls should be no less than 30cms thick.



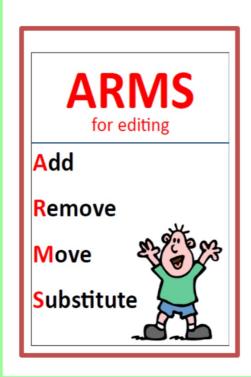
3) Push the snow to the doorway; another climber can shovel the snow from the doorway to the outside of the cave.

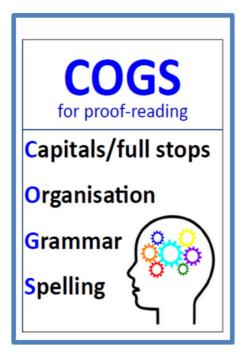


- 3) Continue digging until there is enough room for the group to either lie down, sit down or stand.
- 4) Stab a ventilation hole in the roof of the cave with an ice axe.
- 5) Place blocks of snow in the doorway (when all occupants are inside) to stop wind from entering the cave.

Now find a different coloured pen/pencil (green would be best) and use your Arms and Cogs to carefully edit the work that you completed yesterday.

TARGET: try and include one of each of the different ways of editing: add, remove, move, substitute





Example of green pen editing.

Intro

If you are indanger on a maintainside, if you need to
get out of a snow storm, if you are in need of a shelter,
then follow this step-by-step guide on how to build a
Secure Sheltered 1900.

1) Pack doswn the snow by stamping it with your feet, to
make it flat and even. It would reasonably need to be big
enough to fit I people comfortably; because you may
be in there for a while.

2) Slice into blocks of solid snow Lox 60cm (aprox).
Create plenty before you start, this will ease the
process when it comes to building the igloo.

3) After that, start by building the bottom layer,
adjusting the blocks and filling in the cracks, to keep
with One person on either side speeds up the process.

3) Adder that, start by building the bottom layer, adjusting the blocks and filling in the cracks, to keep to One person on either side speeds up the process.

3) With the blocks you previous previously cut, start building up and when you reach the top fill in the hole withour single block to complea complete the igloo.

B) Dig downwards in to their to enlargen the inner chamber, cut an entrance below the hieght height of the main chamber and your igloo is complete. Just don't forget your air holes.

conclusion

de volusion Now you have a complete iglos if you are ever in

## TASK 2: You are now going to produce your final verison of your instruction guide.

We would like you to use computer software to complete your instructions. This will enable you to include your pictures that you took as part of Monday's lesson.

You could use: word, powerpoint or other word processing software

REMEMBER: think carefully about your design.

- space out your paragraphs
- position your photos next to the relevant text
- o number your steps

#### SURVIVAL SKILLS: IGLOO

#### Introduction

If you find yourself in danger on the mountainside, you might need to build yourself an igloo to shelter inside. This is a step-by-step guide of how to create one:

Pack down the ice so you have a good sized area for the base. You
can do this by stamping your feet on the ground to make it flat and
even. Ideally it needs to be able to house 4 people comfortably; you
may need to be in there a few days.



2) Cut into blocks of solid snow ( $40 \times 60 \text{cm}$  approximately) from the nearby area. It is a good idea to create a plenty of blocks before you start building, to ease the process and enable you to keep building fluently.

3)



Once you have finished your survival skills instructional guide please remember to upload to Assignments.